

Appl. No.: 09/280,528  
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Reply to Office Action dated January 6, 2004

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

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1. (cancelled)
  2. (previously presented) A method as described in claim 14 wherein said publicly known manner for deriving an integer from said published information comprises applying a hashing function to said message M.
  3. (original) A method as described in claim 2 wherein said message M includes information IAV identifying said digital postage meter and operating parameters applicable to said digital postage meter.
  4. (original) A method as described in claim 2 wherein said message M includes information IAV identifying said digital postage meter and operating parameters applicable to said digital postage meter.
  5. (previously presented) A method as described in claim 14 wherein said group [P] is defined on an elliptic curve.
  6. (previously presented) A method as described in claim 14 wherein said message M includes information tying said postage meter's public key  $Key_{DM}^*P$  to said information IAV.
  7. (currently amended) A article having an indicium imprinted thereon as evidence of attributes of said article, said indicium comprising:

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a) a signature generated with a private key of a first party;

b) a certificate;

c) information specifying attributes of said article; wherein

d) said private key of said first party is generated as a function of said certificate, said information, and a private key of a certifying authority, said function being chosen so that a party wishing to verify said indicium can determine a public key corresponding to said private key of said first party by operating on said certificate and said information with a corresponding public key of said certifying authority.

8. (canceled)

9. (canceled)

10. (previously presented) A method for certification by a certifying authority of a public key of a digital postage meter, said digital postage meter producing indicia signed with a corresponding private key of said digital postage meter, said certifying authority having a published public key and a corresponding private key, said method comprising the steps of:

a) said certifying authority providing said meter with an integer, said integer being a first function of said private key of said authority;

b) said meter computing a digital postage meter private key as a second function of said integer; and

c) said certifying authority publishing related information; wherein

d) said first function, said second function and said published related information are chosen so that a party seeking to verify said indicia can compute said

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digital postage meter public key by operating on said published related information with said published public key of said authority.

11. (original) A method as described in claim 10 wherein said published related information includes information identifying said digital postage meter and operating parameters applicable to said digital postage meter.

12. (original) A method for certification by a certifying authority of a public key of a digital postage meter, said digital postage meter producing indicia signed with a corresponding private key of said digital postage meter, said certifying authority having a published public key and a corresponding private key, said method comprising the steps of:

a) said certifying authority providing a user with an integer, said integer being a first function of said private key of said authority;

b) said user computing a digital postage meter private key as a second function of said integer and downloading said postage meter private key to said digital postage meter; and

c) said certifying authority publishing related information; wherein

d) said first function, said second function and said published related information are chosen so that a party seeking to verify said indicia can compute said digital postage meter public key by operating on said published related information with said published public key of said authority.

13. (original) A method as described in claim 12 wherein said published related information includes information identifying said digital postage meter and operating parameters applicable to said digital postage meter.

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14. (currently amended) A method for controlling, and distributing information between a digital postage meter and a certifying station operated by a certifying authority CA for publishing information, so that a public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P$  of said digital postage meter can be determined by a party seeking to verify indicia printed by said digital postage meter from said published information with assurance that said public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P$  has been certified by said certifying authority CA, said method comprising the steps of:

a) defining and publishing a finite group  $[P]$  with a binary operation  $[+]$  and publishing a particular point  $P$  in said group;

29' b) defining and publishing a binary operation  $K^*p$ , where  $K$  is an integer and  $p$  is a point in said group, such that  $K^*p$  is a point in said group computed by applying said operation  $[+]$  to  $K$  copies of said point  $p$ , ~~and computation of  $K$  from knowledge of the definition of said group  $[P]$ , said point  $p$ , and  $K^*p$  is hard;~~

c) controlling a certifying station to publish a certificate  $\text{OMC}_{\text{DM}}$  for said digital postage meter, wherein;

$$\text{OMC}_{\text{DM}} = (r_{\text{DM}} + r_{\text{CA}})^*P; \text{ and wherein}$$

$r_{\text{DM}}$  is a random integer generated by said digital postage meter and  $r_{\text{CA}}$  is a random integer generated by said certifying station;

d) controlling said certifying station to publish a message  $M$ ;

e) controlling said certifying station to generate an integer  $I_{\text{DM}}$ , and send said integer to said digital postage meter, wherein;

$$I_{\text{DM}} = r_{\text{CA}} + H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}; \text{ and wherein}$$

$H(M)$  is an integer derived from said message  $M$  in accordance with a publicly known algorithm  $H$  and  $\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}$  is a private key of said certifying authority CA;

f) publishing a public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}^*P$  for said certifying authority CA; and

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g) controlling said digital postage meter to compute a private key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}$ ,

$$\text{Key}_{\text{DM}} = r_{\text{DM}} + l_{\text{DM}} = r_{\text{DM}} + r_{\text{CA}} + H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}; \text{ and}$$

h) controlling said digital postage meter to print an indicium and digitally sign said indicium with said key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}$ ; whereby

i) said verifying party can compute said user's public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P$  as

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P &= \text{OMC}_{\text{DM}} + H(M) \text{Key}_{\text{CA}}^*P = \\ &= (r_{\text{DM}} + r_{\text{CA}})^*P + H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}^*P \end{aligned}$$

from knowledge of  $H$ ,  $M$ ,  $[P]$ , said public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}^*P$ , and  $\text{OMC}_{\text{DM}}$ .

15. (currently amended) A method for controlling a digital postage meter to print indicia signed with a private key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}$  based upon a published a finite group  $[P]$  with a binary operation  $[+]$  and a published particular point  $P$  in said group and a published a binary operation  $K^*p$ , where  $K$  is an integer and  $p$  is a point in said group, such that  $K^*p$  is a point in said group computed by applying said operation  $[+]$  to  $K$  copies of said point  $p$ , ~~and computation of  $K$  from knowledge of the definition of said group  $[P]$ , said point  $p$ , and  $K^*p$  is hard,~~ so that a public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P$  of said digital postage meter can be determined by a party seeking to verify indicia printed by said digital postage meter from published information with assurance that said public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P$  has been certified by a certifying authority  $\text{CA}$ , said method comprising the steps of:

a) controlling said digital postage meter to generate a random number  $r_{\text{DM}}$  and send a point  $r_{\text{DM}}^*P$  to a certifying station;

b) controlling said digital postage meter to receive a certificate  $\text{OMC}_{\text{DM}}$  from a certifying station operated by said certifying authority  $\text{CA}$ , wherein:

$$\text{OMC}_{\text{DM}} = (r_{\text{DM}} + r_{\text{CA}})^*P; \text{ and wherein}$$

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$r_{DM}$  is a random integer generated by said digital postage meter and  $r_{CA}$  is a random integer generated by said certifying station;

c) controlling said digital postage meter to receive an integer  $l_{DM}$  from said certifying station, wherein;

$$l_{DM} = r_{CA} + H(M)Key_{CA}; \text{ and wherein}$$

M is a message published by said certifying station and  $H(M)$  is an integer derived from said message M in accordance with a publicly known algorithm H and  $Key_{CA}$  is a private key of said certifying authority CA;

d) controlling said digital postage meter to compute a private key  $Key_{DM}$ ,

$$Key_{DM} = r_{DM} + l_{DM} = r_{DM} + r_{CA} + H(M)Key_{CA}; \text{ and}$$

e) controlling said digital postage meter to print an indicium and digitally sign said indicium with said key  $Key_{DM}$ ; whereby

f) said verifying party can compute said digital postage meter public key  $Key_{DM}^*P$  as

$$Key_{DM}^*P = OMC_{DM} + H(M) Key_{CA}^*P = \\ (r_{DM} + r_{CA})^*P + H(M)Key_{CA}^*P$$

from knowledge of H, M, [P], said public key  $Key_{CA}^*P$ , and  $OMC_{DM}$ .

16. (currently amended ) A method for controlling a certifying station operated by a certifying authority CA to publish information relating to a digital postage meter for printing indicia signed with a private key  $Key_{DM}$  based upon a published a finite group [P] with a binary operation [+] and a published particular point P in said group and a published a binary operation  $K^*P$ , where K is an integer and p is a point in said group, such that  $K^*p$  is a point in said group computed by applying said operation [+] to K copies of said point p, and ~~computation of K from knowledge of the definition of said group [P], said point p, and  $K^*p$  is hard,~~ so that a public key  $Key_{DM}^*P$  of said digital postage meter can be determined by a party seeking to verify indicia printed by said

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digital postage meter from said published information with assurance that said public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P$  has been certified by a certifying authority CA, said method comprising the steps of:

a) controlling said certifying station to receive a point  $r_{\text{DM}}^*P$  from said digital postage meter, where  $r_{\text{DM}}$  is a random number generated by said digital postage meter;

b) controlling said certifying station to generate and send to said digital postage meter a certificate  $\text{OMC}_{\text{DM}}$ , wherein;

$$\text{OMC}_{\text{DM}} = (r_{\text{DM}} + r_{\text{CA}})^*P; \text{ and wherein}$$

$r_{\text{CA}}$  is a random integer generated by said certifying station;

c) controlling said certifying station to generate and send to said digital postage meter an integer  $l_{\text{DM}}$ , wherein;

$$l_{\text{DM}} = r_{\text{CA}} + H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}; \text{ and wherein}$$

$M$  is a message published by said certifying station and  $H(M)$  is an integer derived from said message  $M$  in accordance with a publicly known algorithm  $H$  and  $\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}$  is a private key of said certifying authority CA; whereby

d) said digital postage meter can compute said private key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}$ ,

$$\text{Key}_{\text{DM}} = r_{\text{DM}} + l_{\text{DM}} = r_{\text{DM}} + r_{\text{CA}} + H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}; \text{ and}$$

and digitally sign said indicium with said key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}$ ; and whereby

e) said verifying party can compute said digital postage meter public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P$

as

$$\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P = \text{OMC}_{\text{DM}} + H(M) \text{Key}_{\text{CA}}^*P =$$

$$(r_{\text{DM}} + r_{\text{CA}})^*P + H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}^*P$$

from knowledge of  $H$ ,  $M$ ,  $[P]$ , said public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{CA}}^*P$ , and  $\text{CERT}_{\text{DM}}$ .

17. (currently amended ) A method for controlling, and distributing information among a user station, a digital postage meter and a certifying station operated by a

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certifying authority CA for publishing information, so that a public key  $\text{Key}_{50}^*P$  of said digital postage meter can be determined by a party seeking to verify indicia printed by said digital postage meter from said published information with assurance that said public key  $\text{Key}_{50}^*P$  has been certified by said certifying authority CA, said method comprising the steps of:

a) defining and publishing a finite group  $[P]$  with a binary operation  $[+]$  and publishing a particular point  $P$  in said group;

b) defining and publishing a binary operation  $K^*p$ , where  $K$  is an integer and  $p$  is a point in said group, such that  $K^*p$  is a point in said group computed by applying said operation  $[+]$  to  $K$  copies of said point  $p$ , ~~and computation of  $K$  from knowledge of the definition of said group  $[P]$ , said point  $p$ , and  $K^*p$  is hard;~~

c) controlling a certifying station to publish a certificate  $\text{OMC}_{50}$  for said digital postage meter, wherein;

$$\text{OMC}_{50} = (r_{50} + r_{CA})^*P; \text{ and wherein}$$

$r_{50}$  is a random integer generated by said digital postage meter and  $r_{CA}$  is a random integer generated by said certifying station;

d) controlling said certifying station to publish a message  $M$ ;

e) controlling said certifying station to generate an integer  $l_{50}$ , and send said integer to said user station, wherein;

$$l_{50} = r_{CA} + H(M)\text{Key}_{CA}; \text{ and wherein}$$

$H(M)$  is an integer derived from said message  $M$  in accordance with a publicly known algorithm  $H$  and  $\text{Key}_{CA}$  is a private key of said certifying authority CA;

f) publishing a public key  $\text{Key}_{CA}^*P$  for said certifying authority CA; and

g) controlling said user station to compute a private key  $\text{Key}_{50}$ .



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$$\text{Key}_{50} = r_{50} + l_{50} = r_{50} + r_{CA} + H(M)\text{Key}_{CA}; \text{ and}$$

h) transmitting said key  $\text{Key}_{50}$  to said postage meter; whereby

i) said digital postage meter can print an indicium and digitally sign said indicium with said key  $\text{Key}_{50}$ ; and whereby

i) said verifying party can compute said user's public key  $\text{Key}_{50}^*P$  as

$$\text{Key}_{50}^*P = \text{OMC}_{50} + H(M) \text{Key}_{CA}^*P =$$

$$(r_{50} + r_{CA})^*P + H(M)\text{Key}_{CA}^*P$$

from knowledge of H, M, [P], said public key  $\text{Key}_{CA}^*P$ , and  $\text{OMC}_{50}$ .

18. (previously presented) A method as described in claim 17 wherein said publicly known manner for deriving an integer from said published information comprises applying a hashing function to said message M.

19. (previously presented) A method as described in claim 18 wherein said message M includes information IAV identifying said digital postage meter and operating parameters applicable to said digital postage meter.

20. (previously presented) A method as described in claim 17 wherein said message M includes information IAV identifying said digital postage meter and operating parameters applicable to said digital postage meter.

21. (previously presented) A method as described in claim 17 wherein said group [P] is defined on an elliptic curve.

22. (previously presented) A method as described in claim 17 wherein said message M includes information tying said postage meter's public key  $\text{Key}_{50}^*P$  to said information IAV.

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23. (currently amended) A method for controlling a certifying station operated by a certifying authority CA to publish information relating to a digital postage meter for printing indicia signed with a private key  $Key_{50}$  based upon a published a finite group [P] with a binary operation [+] and a published particular point P in said group and a published a binary operation  $K * p$ , where K is an integer and p is a point in said group, such that  $K * p$  is a point in said group computed by applying said operation [+] to K copies of said point p, ~~and computation of K from knowledge of the definition of said group [P], said point p, and  $K * p$  is hard,~~ so that a public key  $Key_{DM} * P$  of said digital postage meter can be determined by a party seeking to verify indicia printed by said digital postage meter from said published information with assurance that said public key  $Key_{DM} * P$  has been certified by a certifying authority CA, said method comprising the steps of:

29' a) controlling said certifying station to receive a point  $r_{DM} * P$  from a user station, where  $r_{DM}$  is a random number generated by said user station;

b) controlling said certifying station to generate and send to said user station a certificate  $OMC_{50}$ , wherein;

$$OMC_{50} = (r_{50} + r_{CA}) * P; \text{ and wherein}$$

$r_{CA}$  is a random integer generated by said certifying station;

c) controlling said certifying station to generate and send to said user station an integer  $I_{50}$ , wherein;

$$I_{50} = r_{CA} + H(M)Key_{CA}; \text{ and wherein}$$

M is a message published by said certifying station and  $H(M)$  is an integer derived from said message M in accordance with a publicly known algorithm H and  $Key_{CA}$  is a private key of said certifying authority CA; whereby

d) said user station can compute said private key  $Key_{DM}$ ,

$$Key_{50} = r_{50} + I_{50} = r_{50} + r_{CA} + H(M)Key_{CA}$$

and transmit said key  $Key_{50}$  to said digital postage meter; whereby

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e) said digital postage meter can digitally sign said indicium with said key  $Key_{50}$ ; and whereby

f) said verifying party can compute said digital postage meter public key  $Key_{50}^*P$  as

$$Key_{50}^*P = OMC_{50} + H(M) Key_{CA}^*P = (r_{DM} + r_{CA})^*P + H(M)Key_{CA}^*P$$

from knowledge of H, M, [P], said public key  $Key_{CA}^*P$ , and  $CERT_{DM}$ .

24. (currently amended) A method for determining a public key  $Key_{DM}^*P$  of a digital postage meter with assurance that said key  $Key_{DM}$  has been certified by a group of one or more certifying authorities CA, said method comprising the steps of:

a) scanning an indicium produced by said postage meter to obtain a certificate  $OMC_{DM}$  for said postage meter, wherein;

$$OMC_{DM} = (r_{DM} + \text{sum}(r_{CA}))^*P; \text{ and wherein}$$

$r_{DM}$  is a random integer known only to a party generating said key  $Key_{DM}$  and  $\text{sum}(r_{CA})$  is a sum of a plurality of random integers  $r_{CA}$ , an ith one of said certifying stations generating an ith one of said random integers  $r_{CA}$ ;

b) scanning said indicium produced by said postage meter to obtain a message M said message M being published by a certifying station operated by one of said certifying authorities CA;

c) computing a hash  $H(M)$  of said message M in accordance with a predetermined hashing function H;

d) obtaining at least one public key  $Key_{CA}^*P$  corresponding to said one or more certifying authorities CA, an ith one of said authorities having an ith one of said keys  $Key_{CA}$ ; and

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e) computing said user's public key  $\text{Key}_U * P$  as

$$\text{Key}_U * P = \text{CERT}_U [+ ] H(M) \text{sum}_{[+ ]} (\text{KeyCA}_i * P) = \\ (r_U + \text{sum}(r_{\text{CA}_i})) * P [+ ] \text{sum}(H(M) \text{KeyCA}_i) * P; \text{ wherein}$$

f) a binary operation  $[+]$  is defined on a finite group  $[P]$  having a published particular point  $P$ ; and

g)  $K * p$ , is a second binary operation defined on said group  $[P]$ , where  $K$  is an integer and  $p$  is a point in said group, such that  $K * p$ , is a point in said group computed by applying said operation  $[+]$  to  $K$  copies of said point  $p$ , ~~and computation of  $K$  from knowledge of the definition of said group  $[P]$ , said point  $p$ , and  $K * p$  is hard.~~

25. (canceled)

26. (canceled)

27. (previously amended) A method as described in claim 31 wherein  $M = (e, \text{IAV})$ , where  $\text{IAV}$  is an identity and attributes value for said postage meter.

28. (canceled)

29. (canceled)

30. (previously amended) A method as described in claim 32 wherein  $M = (e, \text{IAV})$ , where  $\text{IAV}$  is an identity and attributes value for said postage meter.

31. (previously presented) A method of digitally signing a postal indicium comprising the steps of:

a) generating a message  $m$ , said message  $m$  including indicia data;

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b) generating a digital signature with message recovery for said message m; and

c) incorporating said digital signature into said indicium; wherein

d) said generating step further comprises the substeps of:

d1) generating a random integer  $r_s$ ,  $r_s < n$ , where  $n$  is the order of a group  $[P]$  defined on an elliptic curve;

d2) generating a integer  $K$ ,

$$K = K(r_s * P)$$

where  $K(p)$  is a mapping of points in  $[P]$  onto the integers, and  $P$  is a particular published point in  $[P]$ ;

d3) generating  $e$ ,

$$e = \text{SKE}_K(m)$$

where  $\text{SKE}_K$  is a symmetric key encryption algorithm using key  $K$ ;

d4) generating  $H(M)$ , where  $H$  is a hashing function and  $M$  is a message which can be recovered from said indicium;

d5) generating  $s = \text{Key}_{DM}H(M) + r_s$ ,

where  $\text{Key}_{DM}$  is the private key of a postage meter which produced said indicium; and

d6) setting said digital signature for said message  $m$  equal to the pair  $(s, e)$ .

32. (previously presented) A method of verifying a digital signature of a postal indicium comprising the steps of:

a) recovering a message  $m$  from a digital signature of a postal indicium; and

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b) accepting said signature as valid if said message  $m$  is internally consistent;  
 wherein

c) said recovering step further comprises the substeps of:

c1) recovering a public key  $\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P$  for a postage meter which produced said indicium;

c2) obtaining the signature  $(s, e)$  of said indicium, where  $s = \text{Key}_{\text{DM}}H(M) + r_s$  and  $e = \text{SKE}_K(m)$ , where  $\text{SKE}_K$  is a symmetric key encryption algorithm using key  $K$ ,  $m$  is indicia data, and  $M$  is a message recoverable from said indicium;

c3) obtaining  $M$  from said indicium;

c4) generating

$$\begin{aligned} s^*P [-] H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P &= \\ H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P [+]\ r_s^*P [-] H(M)\text{Key}_{\text{DM}}^*P &= \\ r_s^*P \end{aligned}$$

where  $[-]$  is the inverse of  $[+]$ ;

c5) generating

$$K = K(r_s^*P)$$

where  $K(p)$  is a mapping of points in  $[P]$  onto the integers, and  $P$  is a particular published point in  $[P]$ ;

c6) generating

$$m = \text{SKE}^{-1}_K(e)$$

where  $\text{SKE}^{-1}_K$  is the inverse of  $\text{SKE}_K$